# Chigiri – The Art of Japanese Collage

*Chigiri*-e is the art of Japanese collage that is used as decorated pages for Japanese poetry and literature. Various materials, tools and techniques are used to achieve different effects.

### **Materials**

Paper(washi) – Traditional Japanese washi paper is used made of a clove-like bush (gampi), paper bush (mitsumata) or mulberry (kozo)

Glue – gelatine-based or rice-based glue is used, there are a number of different kinds for different materials or finishes needed

Mica (unmo) – mica is used to create a glitter effect or mixed with glue and used with woodblocks to create printed paper

Gold and silver foil (kinginhaku) – cut into small pieces and placed on paper using a sieve

Gold and silver paint (kingin-dei) – used for drawing or on woodblocks to create printed paper

Ink (sumi) – ink is used for calligraphy (shodo) and for marbling (suminagashi)

Dyes – Different dyestuffs are used to dye the paper different colour such as oak for brown and sappanwood.

Whitewash made from crushed seashells is used to whiten. Alum is used as a fixative for red dye.

#### **Tools**

Brushes – Brushes of various lengths and widths are used, mostly made of horse and sheep hair Woodblocks (mùbăn) – Carved woodblocks are used to create printed paper with repeating patterns or individual motifs

### **Techniques**

Dyed paper (somegami) - Paper is dyed different colours, sometimes with layers of dyeing Printed paper (karakami) – Paper is printed using woodblocks and mica Marbling (suminagashi) – Ink is floated on water and is printed onto paper Patched paper (tsugigami) – Paper is deliberately torn, layered and glued onto a page

## **Famous Manuscripts that Use this Techniques for Decorations**

Various authors, compiled 11th/12th Century CE, Ogura Hyakunin Isshu (One Hundred Poets, One Poem Each)
Various authors, 1113 CE, Nishi-honganji-bon Sanjyū-rokunin-kashū (The Honganji Anthology of Thirty-six Poets)
Various authors, 8th Century CE, Man'yōshū (Collection of Ten Thousand Leaves)

Various authors, 9th Century CE, Kokin Wakashū (Collection of Japanese Poems of Ancient and Modern Times) Murasaki Shikibu, 11th Century CE, Genji monogatari (The Tale of the Genji)

## **Bibliography**

Boudonnat, Louise and Harumi, Kushizari, *Traces of the Brush: The Art of Japanese Calligraphy*, France, 2002 Stanley-Baker, Joan, *Japanese Art*, Thames & Hudson, London, 2000.

Hiyashi, Komuro, "Komuro Kana ryōshi studio" - <a href="https://kanaryoshi.com/en/">https://kanaryoshi.com/en/</a>, accessed 14/11/2022 Inenaga, Saburo, *Painting in the Yamato Style*, New York, 1973.

Nakata, Yujiro, The Art of Japanese Calligraphy, New York, 1973.

Tomie Kondō, *Heian Dynasty Tsugigami – Thirty One Handmade Accessories*, Kairyusha, Japan, 1987 (In Japanese) Takenami, Yoko, *The Simple Art of Japanese Calligraphy*, London, 2004.

Kashiwa Art Materials Research Institute, "Thirty-six people collection (Nishi Honganji Teramoto thirty-six people collection)", <a href="https://www.hakubi-koubou.com/">https://www.hakubi-koubou.com/</a>, accessed 19/2/2022 (In Japanese)

#### **Resources**

The Awagami Factory <a href="https://awagami.com/">https://awagami.com/</a>